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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/834,625	04/16/2001	Takashi Yokota	NU-01005	NU-01005 3905	
21254	7590 03/04/2005		EXAMINER		
MCGINN & GIBB, PLLC			CUFF, MICHAEL A		
8321 OLD COURTHOUSE ROAD SUITE 200		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
VIENNA, V	A 22182-3817		3627		
			DATE MAILED: 03/04/2005	DATE MAILED: 03/04/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/834,625	YOKOTA, TAKASHI					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Michael Cuff	3627					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reg. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 L	December 2004.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 2 and 3 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 2 and 3 is/are rejected.</li> </ul>							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document  2. Certified copies of the priority document  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document  application from the International Bureat  * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in CPCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion Noe ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Amendment

Applicant's amendment, filed 12/13/04, has been received and entered.
 Currently, claims 2 and 3 are pending.

Applicant asserts that the claim amendments are made only to assure grammatical and idiomatic English, and <u>not</u> made to distinguish the invention over the prior art. The examiner does not concur. As will be discussed later, applicant has amended the claims as to read on a different embodiment of the application in order to distinguish over the prior art. Page 16 of applicant's specification shows that applicant was well aware of the filing for a patent terminology and its addition to the claims is not grammatical or idiomatic. There are many other examples within the extensive amendment.

### Drawings

2. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "causing the trader to file an application for a patent on the intellectual property in a Patent Office" must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure

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number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claimed step of "causing the trader to file an application for a patent on the intellectual property in a Patent Office" has not previously been disclosed. Page 16, line 10, of applicant's specification states "the trader may file

an application for, e.g., a patent at the Patent Office 14 and then sell the intellectual property." The verb definition of cause is to effect by command, authority, or force.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 2 and 3 recite many steps start with "causing" which makes it not clear what the step is. For example, "causing the trader to purchase the intellectual property from the seller". It is not clear how the trader is forced or commanded to purchase something. As a possible format a method step, applicant could try something like – the trader purchasing the intellectual property from the seller — or — purchasing, by the trader, the intellectual property from the seller —

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wong in view of United States Code Title 35 - Patents.

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Wong shows all of the limitations of the claims except for specifying causing the trader to file an application.

Wong shows an integrated business-to-business web commerce and business automation system. From the abstract, "The effect of such integration on the business cycle (this includes buyers and sellers, who are traders, along with their offers and accepting of offers and purchasing and transfer of ownership) is profound allowing the sale of <u>virtually anything</u> (this includes intellectual property) in a transactional context (goods, services, insurance, subscriptions, etc.) to be drastically streamlined." The Wong system provides a relational database, on which products are registered. The firewall insures licit sellers. The system operates on the Internet and therefore the system encompasses all terminals connected to the Internet, including a trader's terminal unit and a Patent Office.

United States Code Title 35 – Patents teaches that one has the right to file an application for a patent on intellectual property in order to protect the intellectual property.

Based on the teaching of United States Code Title 35 – Patents, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to expand the method of using the Wong system in that if a product that was purchased in the system was intellectual property and was not protected, it would then be obvious to file for a patent in order to protect the intellectual property.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2 and 3 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Cuff whose telephone number is (703) 308-0610 or, after 4/13/05, (571) 272-6778. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 to 5:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Olszewski can be reached on (703) 308-5183. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Pichael laff 3/1/05 Michael Cuff

March 01, 2005